



## **XCeloSeq<sup>®</sup> cfDNA Library Preparation Kit**

**SEQ001**

**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

**Store at -20°C or 2-8°C - Component Dependant**

**Instructions for Use – English**

**IFU0613 Version 8.0 – March 2022**

## Table of Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Copyright and Trademarks .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Notices .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Upon Delivery.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Intended Use .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>XCeloSeq Technological Principle .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Kit Contents.....</b>	<b>4</b>
6.1	Materials supplied with the kit.....	4
6.2	Indexes supplied with the kit .....	4
6.3	Additional equipment and reagents required (not provided in the kit) .....	5
6.4	Use of additional index primers .....	5
<b>7</b>	<b>Protocol Overview .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Before Starting .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Operating Procedure.....</b>	<b>8</b>
9.1	ATO 1 Reaction – Step 1: ATO and cfDNA Mixture .....	8
9.2	ATO 1 Reaction – Step 2: Addition of ATO Reaction Mix .....	8
9.3	ATO 1 Reaction – Step 3: ATO 1 Treatment .....	9
9.4	Amplification One.....	9
9.5	Bead Purification .....	10
9.6	ATO 2 Reaction – Step 1: ATO 2 and Amplification One Mixture .....	11
9.7	ATO 2 Reaction – Step 2: Addition of ATO Reaction Mix .....	11
9.8	ATO 2 Reaction – Step 3: ATO 2 Treatment .....	11
9.9	Amplification Two.....	12
9.10	Bead Purification .....	13
9.11	Library QC, Quantification, and Sequencing Recommendations .....	14
<b>10</b>	<b>Troubleshooting .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Symbols.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Customer Contact Information .....</b>	<b>15</b>

## 1 Copyright and Trademarks

This document is property of GeneFirst Ltd including without limitation, all text, formats, graphics and logos and are protected from unauthorized copying and dissemination by the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (as amended), by various intellectual property laws and by international conventions.

© 2022 GeneFirst, Ltd. All rights reserved. XCelSeq® and ATOM-Seq® are registered trademarks of GeneFirst, Ltd. NovaSeq®, MiniSeq®, NextSeq®, HiSeq®, MiSeq® and Illumina® are registered trademarks of Illumina, Inc. Agencourt®, AMPure® and trademarks of Agencourt Biosciences Corporation, a Beckman Coulter company. DNA Away™ is a trademark of Molecular Bio-Products, Inc. Bioanalyzer® is a trademark of Agilent Technologies, Inc. NEBNext® is a registered trademark of New England Biolabs, Inc.

## 2 Notices

For **Research Use Only (RUO)**. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. Not intended to be used for treatment of human or animal diseases.

Safety data sheets pertaining to this product are available upon request.



The use of **caution** symbols identifies steps in the procedure where there is risk of assay failure if the protocol is not fully understood and followed.



The use of **stop** symbols indicates points in the protocol where it is safe to stop.

## 3 Upon Delivery



Immediately upon delivery remove the ATO Purification Beads (**Transparent Tube, Red Cap**) from the box and store at 2-8°C.

All other components must be stored at -20°C.

Please check for signs of damage. If damaged, please contact GeneFirst customer services or your local distributor. Do not use damaged kit components as they may not perform as expected.

## 4 Intended Use

The XCelSeq cDNA Library Prep Kit is intended for use for the generation of 'whole genome', high-complexity, next-generation sequencing libraries suitable for use with Illumina next-generation sequencing (NGS) instruments.

This is a Research Use Only product.

## 5 XCeloSeq Technological Principle

This XCeloSeq product is built on a strong technical foundation,

**A**daptor **T**emplate **O**ligo **M**ediated **S**equencing – **ATOM-Seq**<sup>®</sup>.

ATOM-Seq is a patented technology which uses a unique, advanced capture chemistry designed for compatibility with ‘whole genome’ capture of nucleic acid fragments to generate a sequencing-ready NGS library. The chemistry underpinning ATOM-Seq has been developed to be specifically capable of capturing nucleic acid molecules from ultra-low input, highly fragmented, single and double stranded, or highly damaged templates in a highly efficient process. This process is ideal for cell-free DNA and FFPE samples.


ATOM-Seq’s chemistry provides an advanced and superior method for capturing and enriching genetic sequences, not just from highly fragmented but also from single strand nucleic acid templates and from ultra-low quantities of starting material. ATOM-Seq is entirely ligation independent and as such can avoid inefficiencies associated with, as well as having advantages over, ligation-capture based methods and ligation-amplicon based methods.

The strength of ATOM-Seq is in the unique process of capturing the 3’ ends of starting material, including single or double strand cell-free DNA, fragmented high quality genomic DNA (gDNA) or FFPE, or cDNA in a highly optimised chemistry. During this process both a Unique Molecular Identifier (UMI) and universal priming site are added directly to the 3’ ends of the original DNA molecules.

*This area is intentionally blank.*

## 6 Kit Contents

### 6.1 Materials supplied with the kit

Reagent	Tube Colour	Tube Cap Colour	Storage Conditions	Part Code
ATO - 1	Transparent	Blue	-20°C	PC0028
ATO Reaction Mix	Transparent	Green	-20°C	PC0199
ATO Treatment	Transparent	White	-20°C	PC0031
Amplification Primers	Transparent	Yellow	-20°C	PC0032
Universal Enzyme Mix	Transparent	Lilac	-20°C	PC0033
ATO Purification Beads	Transparent	Red	 2-8°C	PC0034
ATO - 2	Transparent	Orange	-20°C	PC0035



Reagents are not interchangeable between different XCeloSeq kits.  
Only use "XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Prep Kit" reagents with the following protocol.

### 6.2 Indexes supplied with the kit

Reagent	Tube Colour	Tube Cap Colour	Storage Conditions	Expected Index Sequence*	Machine Compatibility	Part Code
i5-002 (i5 Index Primer)	Amber	Blue	-20°C	ATCCGTAC	MiSeq, NovaSeq, HiSeq2500, HiSeq2000	PC0200
				GTACGGAT	MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq4000, HiSeq3000	
i7-004 (i7 Index Primer)	Amber	Green	-20°C	TTGGAATG	All	PC0448

\* Expected index sequence is dependent upon choice of Illumina Sequencing Platform.



Indexes are not interchangeable between different XCeloSeq kits.  
Only use "XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Prep Kit" Indexes with the following protocol.

When using additional index primers supplied as part of XCeloSeq Indexing Kits be aware of the following:



All additional **i5** primers supplied as part of XCeloSeq Indexing Kits (which are purchased separately) can directly replace the i5-002 primer supplied with the XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Prep Kit.

All additional **i7** primers supplied as part of XCeloSeq Indexing Kits (which are purchased separately) can directly replace the i7-004 primer supplied with the XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Prep Kit. Some XCeloSeq kits require addition i7 oligos to be diluted, **DO NOT** use diluted oligos with this protocol they will affect protocol performance.

### 6.3 Additional equipment and reagents required (not provided in the kit)

- Reagents and equipment for specimen collection, filtration, and nucleic acid extraction
- Distilled water (molecular biology grade)
- 10 mM tris-HCl pH 8.0 (molecular biology grade)
- 100% ethanol (molecular biology grade)
- DNase and RNase-free pipette tips with aerosol barriers
- AMPure® XP magnetic beads (Beckman Coulter, A63880 or equivalent)
- Suitable magnet (ThermoFisher, Magnetic Stand-96, AM10027, or any suitable alternative)
- Pipettes, adjustable (P10, P20, P200 and P1000, or similar)
- Vortex mixer
- Microcentrifuge
- Standard PCR thermal cycler. Heated lid should always be on and set to  $\geq 100$  °C
- PCR tubes, plates, and accessories compatible with the PCR system used
- Ice

### 6.4 Use of additional index primers

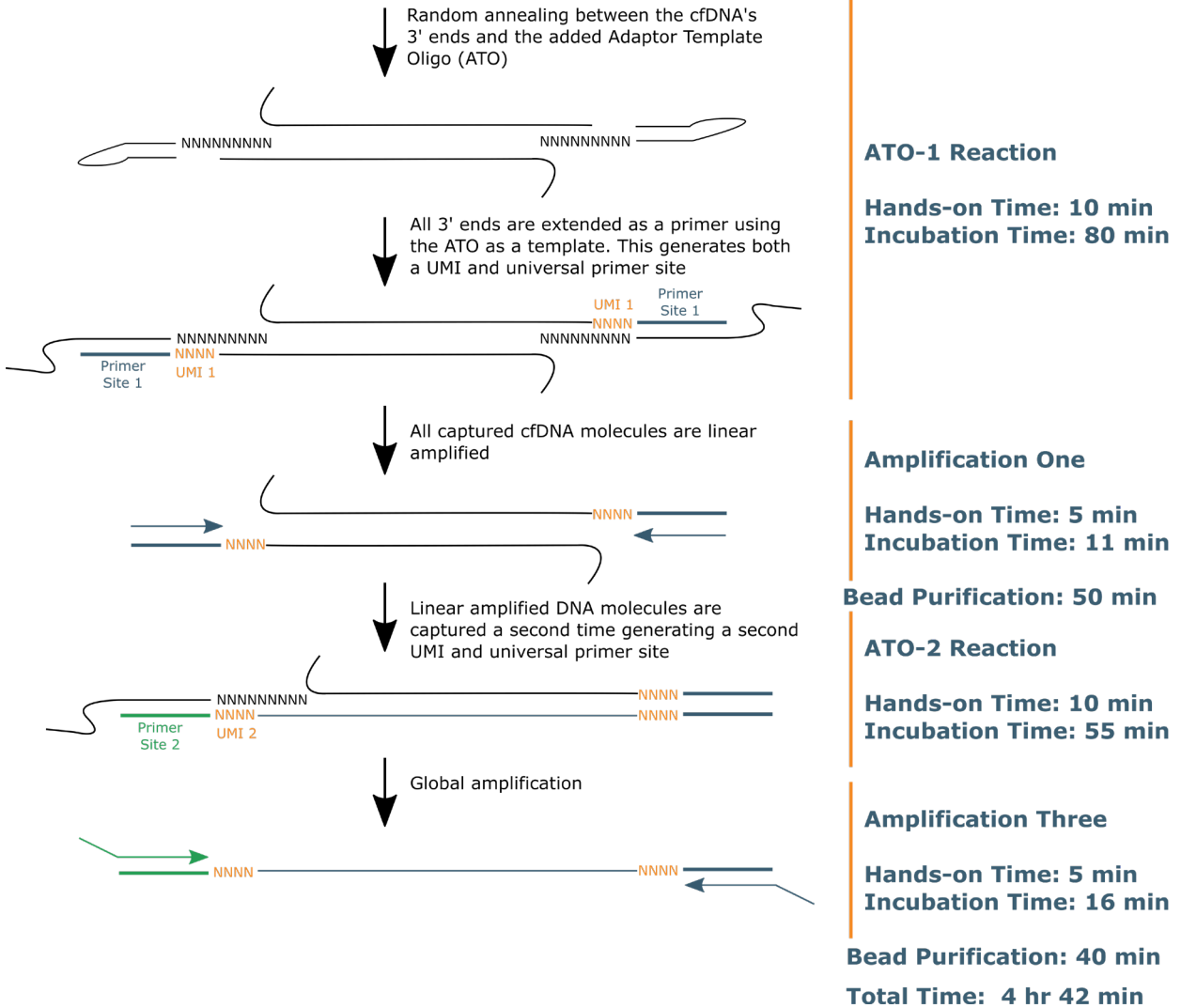
The XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Preparation Kit is provided with a single i5 index and a single i7 index. These indexes are both 8 bp in length. To support multiplex sequencing, we offer a range of XCeloSeq Indexing kits (catalogue number SEQ005, sold separately) which provide additional unique 8 bp i5 and i7 index primers. Only XCeloSeq Indexing kits are recommended for use with XCeloSeq library preparation kits, as these have undergone design optimisations and validations to ensure quality and reliability of performance.

*This area is intentionally blank.*

## 7 Protocol Overview



### Cell-free DNA



The above process is illustrative of the steps undertaken when following the Operating Procedure in Section 9. The times in the above protocol are representative for 5 ng of cfDNA. Double strand DNA is shown as an example, however all recommended starting material will follow the same process. This includes enzymatically fragmented FFPE and gDNA.

## 8 Before Starting

- Read this protocol in its entirety before beginning the library preparation, ensuring that everything is prepared and that the process is clear before proceeding
- Ensure good laboratory practice is used at all times to prevent contamination of the samples or kit by any double or single stranded DNA (such as PCR products)
- Workstations and equipment should be clean, calibrated and in good working order. Cleaning products such as DNA AWAY (Thermofisher) may be used.
- All kit components should be fully thawed, mixed by vortexing, and briefly spun down before use
- All reagents should be kept on ice and steps should be performed on ice, unless stated otherwise
- Adding consistent and precise amounts of reagents is critically important for accurate results
- Unused reagents and waste should be disposed of in accordance with local regulations

**Starting material:** cell-free DNA, total cell-free nucleic acids or enzymatically fragmented gDNA/FFPE are the recommended starting materials. The use of high quality gDNA or FFPE DNA which has been fragmented by either using sonication or other similar physical sheering methods **-is not compatible with this product-** and should not be used.

*Minimum cfDNA starting quantity is 1 ng. The recommended range of starting material is 5-50 ng of cfDNA. Starting quantities of DNA should not exceed 50 ng. When using greater than or less than 5 ng of starting material Amplification Two cycle number can be adjusted depending on the desired library yields. cfDNA must be in no more than 1mM EDTA solution, ideally 10 mM Tris 1mM EDTA pH 8.0, or, ultra-pure water.*

**Before starting it is necessary to ensure the following are prepared and ready for use.**

- Freshly prepared 70% and 80% ethanol. Ensure vessels are tightly closed when not in use to prevent unwanted evaporation.
- Please ensure that both AMPure XP beads and ATO Purification Beads are given sufficient time to reach room temperature prior to use. A minimum recommended time is 20 minutes.

*This area is intentionally blank.*



## 9 Operating Procedure

### 9.1 ATO 1 Reaction – Step 1: ATO and cfDNA Mixture

- In a PCR vessel, add **1 µl 'ATO – 1'** (Transparent Tube, **Blue Cap, PC0028**) to your DNA sample. The total volume of this mixture must not exceed **7.5 µl**. If required add molecular biology grade water to a final volume of **7.5 µl**
- Seal the PCR vessel using PCR caps, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly. Samples should be sealed tightly to avoid evaporation and sample loss
- Incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table below, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C:

**ATO 1 Reaction – Step 1: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Temperature	Duration
<b>1</b>	65 °C	2.5 minutes
<b>2</b>	10 °C	1 minute
<b>3</b>	4 °C	Hold

### 9.2 ATO 1 Reaction – Step 2: Addition of ATO Reaction Mix

- Remove the sample from the thermocycler, carefully open the PCR vessel, and add **2.5 µl of the ATO Reaction Mix** (Transparent Tube, **Green Cap, PC0199**). The total volume of each sample will now be **10 µl**
- Seal the PCR vessel, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly
- Ensure that the thermocycler is precooled to 4 °C. Place your PCR vessel into the machine and continue to thermocycle as detailed in the following table, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C

**ATO 1 Reaction – Step 2: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Cycles	Temperature	Duration
<b>1</b>	-	4 °C	Hold/Pause
<b>2</b>	1x	10 °C	1 minute
<b>2</b>	1x	26 °C	6 minutes
<b>3</b>		30 °C	<b>10 minutes</b>
<b>4</b>		65 °C	1 minute
<b>5</b>		10 °C	1 minute
<b>6</b>		26 °C	6 minutes
<b>7</b>		30 °C	<b>10 minutes</b>
<b>8</b>		2x	65 °C
<b>9</b>	10 °C		1 minute
<b>10</b>	26 °C		6 minutes
<b>11</b>	30 °C		<b>5 minutes</b>
<b>12</b>	-	4 °C	Hold

### 9.3 ATO 1 Reaction – Step 3: ATO 1 Treatment

- Remove the samples from the thermocycler and briefly spin down. Add **1 µl ATO Treatment (Transparent Tube, White Cap, PC0031)** to each sample. The total volume of each sample is now **11 µl**
- Vortex, centrifuge and incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table below, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C:

**ATO 1 Reaction – Step 3: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Temperature	Duration
1	37 °C	15 minutes
2	4 °C	Hold



*After the incubation step has completed, samples can be stored at -20°C overnight. Samples must proceed to Amplification One within 24 hours.*

*If stored at -20 °C, ensure samples are at room temperature and are briefly centrifuged before proceeding*

### 9.4 Amplification One

- Remove the samples from the thermocycler and briefly spin down. Add **12.5 µl Universal Enzyme Mix (Transparent Tube, Lilac Cap, PC0033)** and **1.5 µl Amplification Primers (Transparent Tube, Yellow Cap, PC0032)** to each sample. The total volume per sample is now **25 µl**
- Seal the PCR vessel, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly
- Incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table at the top of the following page

**Amplification One: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Cycles	Temperature	Duration
1	1x	98 °C	30 seconds
2	6x	98 °C	10 seconds
		65 °C	75 seconds
3	1x	65 °C	2 minutes
4	-	4 °C	Hold

## 9.5 Bead Purification

Before starting it is necessary to ensure that fresh **70% Ethanol** is prepared ready for use.

Also ensure the **ATO Purification Beads (Transparent Tube, Red Cap, PC0034)** have already come to room temperature and have been completely resuspended by vortexing prior to use. **Note:** All bead purification steps must be performed at room temperature and reagents should not be kept on ice.

- 1) First, 25  $\mu$ l of **molecular biology grade water** must be added into the **Amplification 1** product from **step 9.4**. The volume of the sample will now be **50  $\mu$ l**.
- 2) Add **1.8X volumes (90  $\mu$ l)** of **ATO Purification Beads** to each reaction.
- 3) Vortex well or mix by pipetting each sample 15 times. Ensure a homogenous mixture of beads and sample before continuing.
- 4) Leave samples at room temperature for 20 minutes. If required, spin down briefly to collect sample in the bottom of the vial.
- 5) Place the samples on the magnet for 3 minutes, or until all beads have been collected.
- 6) Without disturbing the collected beads, use a pipette to collect and dispose of the supernatant. If the beads are disturbed, return the solution back into the vial and repeat the incubation to allow them to collect on the side of the tube again.
- 7) Whilst leaving the vial on the magnet, add **180  $\mu$ l** of freshly prepared **70% ethanol**.
- 8) Incubate for 30 seconds at room temperature. Ensure all beads remain gathered to the side of the vial.
- 9) Carefully discard the supernatant, without disturbing the beads.
- 10) Repeat steps 7 – 9 two additional times.
- 11) After the third wash carefully remove as much of the residual ethanol as possible.
- 12) Allow the beads to air dry for 3 minutes. Take care not to over-dry the beads as this will have a significant effect on the overall yield of the purification.
- 13) Elute the DNA by resuspending the beads in **14  $\mu$ l** of distilled water. Incubate the resuspended beads for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 14) Place the samples on the magnet for 3 minutes, or until all the beads have been collected.
- 15) Carefully transfer **13  $\mu$ l** eluted amplification product into a clean tube.

### 9.6 ATO 2 Reaction – Step 1: ATO 2 and Amplification One Mixture

- Add **2 µl 'ATO – 2'** (Transparent Tube, **Orange Cap**, PC0035) to the purified Amplification 1 product. Mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly, ensuring lids remain tightly sealed. The total volume of each sample is now **15 µl**
- Incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table below, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C:

**ATO 2 Reaction – Step 1: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Temperature	Duration
1	65 °C	2.5 minutes
2	10 °C	1 minute
3	10 °C	Hold

### 9.7 ATO 2 Reaction – Step 2: Addition of ATO Reaction Mix

- Remove the sample from the thermocycler, carefully open the PCR vessel, and add **5.0 µl of the ATO Reaction Mix** (Transparent Tube, **Green Cap**, PC0199). The total volume of each sample will now be **20 µl**
- Seal the PCR vessel, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly
- Ensure that the thermocycler is precooled to 4 °C. Place the PCR vessel into the machine and continue to thermocycle as detailed below, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C:

**ATO 2 Reaction – Step 2: Incubation Conditions**

Stage	Temperature	Duration
1	4 °C	Hold/Pause
2	10 °C	1 minute
3	26 °C	6 minutes
4	30 °C	10 minutes
5	65 °C	1 minute
6	10 °C	1 minute
7	26 °C	6 minutes
8	30 °C	10 minutes
9	4 °C	Hold

### 9.8 ATO 2 Reaction – Step 3: ATO 2 Treatment

- Remove the samples from the thermocycler and briefly spin down. Add **2 µl ATO Treatment** (Transparent Tube, **White Cap**, PCPC0031) to each sample. The total volume of each sample is now **22 µl**
- Seal the PCR vessel, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly
- Incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table at the top of the following page, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C

### ATO 2 Reaction – Step 3: Incubation Conditions

Stage	Temperature	Duration
1	37 °C	15 minutes
2	4 °C	Hold

## 9.9 Amplification Two

When preparing the sample mixes, different combinations of i7 and i5 primers can be used to allow for sample multiplexing. When using XCeloSeq i5 or i7 Indexing Kits the supplied i5 and i7 oligos can directly substitute the oligos used in this protocol, as detailed in the table below.

- Prepare the Amplification Two Reaction Mixture by adding reagents to the sample from step 9.8 according to the order in the table below

#	Name	Tube colour	Tube Cap colour	Volume per single reaction (µl)	Part Code
1	Product of Step 9.8	N/A	N/A	22.0	NA
2	Universal Enzyme Mix	Transparent	Lilac	25.0	PC0033
3	i7-004 (i7 Primer)	Amber	Green	1.5	PC0448
4	i5-002 (i5 Primer)	Amber	Blue	1.5	PC0200
Total Volume		-	-	50.0	

- Seal the PCR vessel, mix by vortexing, and centrifuge briefly
- Incubate the mixture in a thermocycler as detailed in the table below, with a heated lid  $\geq 100$  °C

### Amplification Two: Incubation Conditions

Stage	Cycles	Temperature	Duration
1	1x	98 °C	30 seconds
2	Various, see table below	98 °C	10 seconds
3		60 °C	30 seconds
4		65 °C	75 seconds
5	1x	65 °C	2 minutes
6	-	4 °C	Hold

The recommended PCR cycle number depends on the amount of starting material (see table below). It also depends upon the quality of the starting material and the desired library yield. The below table contains recommended starting values, but these may have to be adjusted by the individual user.

Input cfDNA (ng)	Recommended Cycle number
20-50	5 – 7
10	7 – 8
5	8 – 9

### 9.10 Bead Purification

Before starting it is necessary to ensure that fresh **80%** Ethanol is prepared ready for use.

Also ensure AMPure XP beads have already come to room temperature and have been completely resuspended by vortexing prior to use. Note: All bead purification steps must be performed at room temperature and reagents should not be kept on ice.

- 1) Add **0.9X** volumes (**45 µl**) of AMPure XP beads to each reaction.
- 2) Vortex well or mix by pipetting each sample 15 times. Ensure a homogenous mixture of beads and sample before continuing.
- 3) Leave samples at room temperature for 5 minutes. If required spin down briefly to collect sample in the bottom of the vial.
- 4) Place the samples on the magnet for 3 minutes, or until all the beads have been collected.
- 5) Without disturbing the collected beads, use a pipette to collect and dispose of the supernatant. If the beads are disturbed, return the solution back into the vial and repeat the incubation to allow them to collect on the side of the tube again.
- 6) Add **50 µl** of distilled water and resuspend beads by pipetting each sample 15 times to ensure a homogenous mixture of bead and sample.
- 7) Add **0.7X** volumes (**35 µl**) of AMPure XP beads to each reaction.
- 8) Vortex, or mix by pipetting each sample 15 times, to ensure a homogenous mixture of beads and sample.
- 9) Leave samples at room temperature for 5 minutes. If required spin down briefly to collect sample in the bottom of the vial.
- 10) Place the samples on the magnet for 3 minutes, or until all the beads have been collected.
- 11) Without disturbing the collected beads, use a pipette to collect and dispose of the supernatant. If the beads are disturbed, return the solution back into the vial and repeat the incubation to allow them to collect on the side of the tube again.
- 12) While leaving the vial on the magnet add **180 µl** of freshly prepared **80% ethanol**.
- 13) Incubate for 30 seconds at room temperature. Ensure all beads remain gathered to the side of the vial.
- 14) Carefully discard the supernatant, without disturbing the beads.
- 15) Wash the sample again by repeat the preceding 3 steps (12 – 14) one additional time.
- 16) After the second wash carefully remove as much of the residual ethanol as possible.
- 17) Allow the beads to air dry for 3 minutes. Take care not to over dry the beads, as this will have a significant effect on the overall yield of the purification.
- 18) Elute the DNA by resuspending the beads in **20 µl** of 10 mM Tris-HCL pH 8.0. Incubate the resuspended beads for 5 minutes at room temperature. **Note:** Higher elution volumes can be used depending on user requirements
- 19) Place the samples on the magnet for 3 minutes, or until all the beads have been collected.
- 20) Carefully transfer all the eluted amplification product into a clean tube.

## 9.11 Library QC, Quantification, and Sequencing Recommendations

The bead purified Amplification 2 product is now ready for downstream processing.

We recommend the use of an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Chip (or equivalent) for determining the size distribution of the generated libraries. Library concentration should be determined by a suitable method, we recommend a qPCR quantification method such as NEBNext® Library Quant Kit for Illumina (#E7630) prior to sequencing.

For sequencing use the read length for each sequencing stage as set out in the table below. Sequencing depth should be determined by the user depending on experiment requirements.

Sequencing Stage	Read Length
(R1) Read 1	151
(I1) Index Read 1	8
(I2) Index Read 2	8
(R2) Read 2	151

## 10 Troubleshooting

### 10.1 Library yields are low or absent

When the kit reagents are stored as recommend, suitable starting material is used and the protocol is completed as stated in this IFU, the results are expected to be highly consistent and robust. Please ensure that the kit components are stored at the correct temperatures, that you are only using reagents supplied with the XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Preparation Kit (excluding the additional indexes), that the input quantity of the starting material is suitable, and that you carefully read and fully follow all steps in this IFU.

### 10.2 Low library yields when using FFPE gDNA

Formalin Fixed Paraffin Embedded (FFPE) samples can be of highly variable quality. As such enzymatically fragmented FFPE DNA may still result in low library yields, indicating that the proportion of capturable DNA in the sample is low. Using larger quantities of starting material can help ensure that high quality libraries are generated.











### 10.3 Low library yields or failed library prep when using sonicated DNA

Recommended starting material quantities are based off using cell-free DNA or enzymatically fragmented high quality genomic DNA or FFPE DNA. The XCeloSeq cfDNA Library Preparation Kit is not compatible with DNA fragmented by sonication. You should ensure the starting material has been enzymatically fragmented.

### 10.4 Size distribution of starting material

This library preparation kit has been designed for using cfDNA as input, which has a peak size of approximately 171 bp. When using enzymatically fragmented DNA, ideal size distributions should be determined on an individual case basis by the user. The average insert size can be up to 400-600 bp.

## 11 Symbols

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	Consult instructions for use		Upper limit of storage temperature -20°C
	Catalogue number		Store between 2-8°C
	Date of manufacture		Batch code
	Manufacturer		Number of supplied reactions
	Use-by-date		Do not use if package damaged

## 12 Customer Contact Information

For all sales order processing, training, and technical support enquiries, please contact the following:

### GeneFirst Limited

Unit 2 The Quadrant,  
Abingdon Science Park,  
Abingdon,  
Oxfordshire,  
OX14 3YS  
United Kingdom

### Customer Service & Sales Enquiries:

Telephone: +44 (0)1865 407 400  
Email: [sales@genefirst.com](mailto:sales@genefirst.com)

© GeneFirst 2022